## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS**

 (currently amended) A coating composition comprising a vinyl polymer having a monomer unit of the formula selected from the group consisting of

wherein Y is a carbamate or urea group, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup>-are each independently is an alkyl groups group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, optionally including oxygen or other heteroatoms, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are each independently H or alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each independently H or an alkyl group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> together are part of a cycloaliphatic structure, optionally including oxygen or other heteroatoms in the alkyl group or cycloaliphatic structure, and R<sup>8</sup> is an alkynyl group having an ethylene group in the polymer backbone.

- 2. (currently amended) A coating composition comprising a carbamate or terminal urea functional vinyl polymer prepared by a process comprising
  - (a) reacting a compound having an <u>a</u> hydroxyl group and a carbamate group, terminal urea group, or a group that can be converted to a carbamate or terminal urea group, with a cyclic carboxylic acid anhydride group to form a half-ester product with a free acid group; and
  - (b) reacting the free acid group with an epoxide group, wherein either
    - (1) one of the cyclic carboxylic acid anhydride group or the epoxide group is pendant to a vinyl polymer, with the caveat that if the cyclic carboxylic acid anhydride group is pendant then the compound having a hydroxyl group has a primary carbamate group, or
    - (2) one of the compound having an a hydroxyl group, a compound having the cyclic carboxylic acid anhydride group, and a compound having an epoxide group has polymerizable ethylenic unsaturation, said ethylenic unsaturation being polymerized, optionally with one or more copolymerizable monomers, to form a vinyl polymer after reaction of the compound in step (a) or step (b), with the caveat that if the compound having a hydroxyl group or the compound having the cyclic carboxylic acid anhydride group has polymerizable ethylenic unsaturation then the compound having a hydroxyl group has a primary carbamate group;

and further wherein, when the compound having an hydroxyl group has a group that can be converted to a carbamate or terminal urea group, the group is converted to the carbamate or terminal urea group after step (a).

- 3. (original) The coating composition of claim 2 further comprising a compound having carbamate functionality.
- 4. (original) The coating composition of claim 2 further comprising a crosslinker reactive with active hydrogen groups.
- 5. (original) A method comprising applying the coating composition of claim 4 to a substrate and curing the coating composition to form a coating.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the coating is a clearcoat, and wherein the substrate has a basecoat layer that the coating composition is applied to.
- 7. (new) A coating composition comprising a vinyl polymer having a monomer unit selected from the group consisting of

wherein either

Y is a secondary carbamate, R<sup>1</sup> is a methylene group or alkyl group having 6-12 carbon atoms, R<sup>3</sup> is an alkyl group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, optionally including oxygen or other heteroatoms, and R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are each independently H or alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or

Y is a primary carbamate or urea group, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are each independently alkyl groups having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, optionally including oxygen or other heteroatoms, and R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are each independently H or alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.